



# Statement of Investment Principles

## The Motor Insurers' Bureau Pension and Assurance Scheme

July 2024

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# 01 Introduction

## Purpose

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This document constitutes the Statement of Investment Principles ('the SIP') required under Section 35 of the Pensions Act 1995 for the Motor Insurers' Bureau Pension and Assurance Scheme ("the Scheme"). It describes the investment policy being pursued by the Trustee of the Scheme and is in accordance with the Government's voluntary code of conduct for Institutional Investment in the UK ("the Myners Principles"). This SIP also reflects the requirements of Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005.

## Scheme details

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The exclusive purpose of the Scheme is to provide retirement and death benefits to eligible participants and beneficiaries. It qualifies as a registered pension scheme, registered under Chapter 2 of Part 4 of the Finance Act 2004.

The Scheme Actuary is John Hemsley of Mercer, and the Investment Consultant is XPS Investment (collectively termed 'the Consultants').

## Advice and consultation

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Before preparing this Statement, the Trustee has sought advice from the Scheme's Investment Consultant, XPS Investment Limited. The Trustee has also consulted the Principal Employer. The Trustee will consult the Principal Employer on any future changes in investment policy as set out in this Statement.

## Investment powers

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The Scheme's Trust Deed and Rules set out the investment powers of the Trustee. This Statement is consistent with those powers. Neither this Statement nor the Trust Deed and Rules restricts the Trustee's investment powers by requiring the consent of the Principal Employer.

In accordance with the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, the Trustee sets general investment policy but delegate responsibility for the selection of the specific securities and any financial instruments in which the Scheme invests to the Investment Managers or Insurers.

## Review of the Statement

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The Trustee will review this Statement and their investment policy at least every three years in conjunction with each triennial valuation or immediately following any significant changes in investment policy.

The Trustee will also review this Statement in response to any material changes to any aspect of the Scheme, its liabilities, finances and attitude to risk of either the Trustee or Principal Employer which it judges to have a bearing on the stated investment policy.

The Trustee will receive confirmation of the continued appropriateness of this Statement annually, or more frequently, if appropriate.

# 02 Definitions

## Definitions

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Capitalised terms in this document mean the following:

**Act** - The Pensions Act 1995 (as amended by section 244 of the Pensions Act 2004);

**AVCs** - Additional Voluntary Contributions;

**Buy-in** - An insurance policy that covers some or all of a pension Scheme's liabilities and removes the risk that the Scheme cannot pay the future benefits covered by the policy;

**Buy-out** - An insurance policy that is purchased which covers all of the Scheme's liabilities, and assigns these to individual members thus completely removing the risk and liability from the Trustee and Sponsoring employer;

**Insurance Provider** - Aviva Plc ("Aviva")

**Investment Manager** – An organisation appointed by the Trustee to manage investments on behalf of the Scheme

**Principal Employer** – Motor Insurers' Bureau

**Recovery Plan** - The agreement between the Trustee and the Principal Employer to address the funding deficit;

**Scheme** – The Motor Insurers' Bureau Pension and Assurance Scheme

**Statement** - This document, including any appendices, which is the Trustee's Statement of Investment Principles;

**Trust Deed and Rules** - the Scheme's Trust Deed and Rules.

**Trustee** – the collective entity responsible for the investment of the Scheme's assets and managing the administration of the Scheme;

**Buyout Basis** - The amount required, on an actuarial calculation, to make provision for the Scheme's liabilities;

# 03 Strategic investment policy and objectives

## Choosing investments

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The Trustee has entered into a buy-in policy with Aviva, through which benefits due under the Scheme are secured. The selection of the buy-in policy was made having taken written investment advice. The advice covered the suitability of the insurance policy, whether there was any need for diversification given Scheme circumstances and the principles within this Statement.

The Trustee's policy is to regularly review the investments over which they retain control and to obtain written advice about them when necessary. When deciding whether or not to make any new investments, the Trustee will obtain written advice and consider whether future decisions about those investments should be delegated to the Investment Managers. The written advice will consider suitability of the investments, the need for diversification and the principles within this Statement. The adviser will have the knowledge and experience required under Section 36(6) of the Act.

## Long-term objectives

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The primary investment objective of the Trustee is to seek to ensure the Scheme is able to meet the benefit payments promised as and when they fall due from a combination of investment returns and planned contributions.

Having regard to the primary investment objective and subject to the strength of the employer covenant, the Trustee will seek to limit the risk of the assets failing to meet the liabilities of the Scheme as and when they fall due, both over the short term and longer-term basis.

## Expected returns

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By securing benefits through the buy-in policy, the Trustee expect that the change in value of the insurance policy will match the change in value of the benefits due under the Scheme.

## Investment Policy

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Following advice from the Investment Consultant, the Trustee has set the investment policy and objectives with regard to the Scheme's liabilities and funding level.

This resulted in the Trustee completing a buy-in of the Scheme's liabilities with an Insurance Provider in March 2024.

The investment policy the Trustee has adopted is detailed in the Appendix.

## Range of assets

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The Scheme's assets are invested in a buy-in policy. The Trustee has no direct influence on the range of assets which support the payments due under the policy. The Insurance Provider will invest in an appropriate range of assets in line with the risk profile of their annuity business and the regulatory and capital regime they are required to comply with. Although there is a concentration of assets in the buy-in

arrangements, the Trustee deem this concentration appropriate as it closely matches the objective of the Scheme.

The Trustee consider the arrangement with the Insurance Provider to be aligned with the Scheme's overall strategic objectives. The Insurance Provider is incentivised to perform in line with expectations for their specific mandate to enable the Insurance Provider to meet all of the benefits insured and comply with regulatory and capital requirements.

When the Trustee considered which Insurance Provider to purchase buy-in policy from, the ESG factors and climate change risk credentials of the Insurance Provider were considered. XPS Investment consider Aviva to have an ESG rating of 'Green'. This is due to a strong firm-level commitment to ESG and thorough consideration of climate change. ESG integration processes are well described, and stewardship examples were strong.

## 04 Responsible investment

The Trustee's stance on responsible investment is now a direct consequence of the Scheme's short term time horizon as it prepares for a possible buy-out. As the assets of the Scheme are invested with an Insurance Provider in a buy-in policy, ESG factors are not expected to have a material impact on investment risk and return outcomes over the time horizon of the investment. However, the Trustee has delegated to the Insurance Provider the responsibility for assessing any impact of ESG factors when making investment decisions in relation to the assets it holds to support the buy-in policy.

As the Scheme invests in a buy-in policy, the Trustee acknowledges that they cannot directly influence the policies and practices of the companies in which the buy-in policy invests. They have therefore delegated responsibility for the exercise of rights (including voting rights) attached to the Scheme's investments to the Insurance Provider. The Trustee encourages them to engage with investee companies and vote whenever it is practical to do so on financially material matters such as strategy, capital structure, conflicts of interest policies, risks, social and environmental impact and corporate governance as part of their decision-making processes. The Trustee requires the Insurance Provider to report on significant votes made on behalf of the Trustee.

If the Trustee has become aware of the Insurance Provider engaging with the underlying issuers of debt or equity in ways that they deem inadequate or that the results of such engagement are mis-aligned with the Trustee's expectation, then the Trustee may consider terminating the relationship.

## 05 Risk measurement and management

The Trustee recognises a number of risks involved in the investment of the assets of the Scheme - the majority of these risks are mitigated through the policy held with Aviva. The Trustee measures and manages these risks as follows:

**Solvency risk and mismatching risk** - The risk that the assets do not respond to market changes in the same way as the liabilities resulting in volatility in the funding position, is addressed through the purchase of a buy-in policy which is expected to match the payments of the benefits due.

**Liquidity risk** - The risk that assets cannot be sold quickly enough to enable benefits to be paid or that the Trustee cannot exit a particular investment is addressed through the process by which the administrator estimates the benefit outgo and ensures that sufficient cash balances are available, and through the Trustee's policy on realisation of assets (see below).

**Inappropriate investments** - The risk that an Investment Manager or Insurer invests in assets or instruments that are not considered to be appropriate by the Trustee is addressed through the Trustee's policy on the range of assets in which the Scheme can invest (see section 2).

**Counterparty risk** - The risk that a third party fails to deliver cash or other assets owed to the Scheme is addressed through Insurer guidelines with respect to cash and counterparty management. In respect of the Buy-in contract, the Financial Services Compensation Scheme provides an extra level of security should the insurer fail.

**Political risk** - The risk of an adverse influence on investment values from political intervention is reduced by diversification of the assets across many countries.

**Fraud/Dishonesty** - The risk that the Scheme's assets are reduced by illegal actions is addressed through restrictions applied as to who can authorise transfer of cash and the account to which transfers can be made.

**ESG risk** – The risk that environmental, social and governance factors can have a material effect on the ability of meeting long-term investment objectives is addressed, to the extent that it is possible, by delegating to the Investment Managers and Insurers. Further detail is provided in this Statement.

## 06 Realisation of assets and investment restrictions

### Realisation of investments

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The Scheme has secured a buy-in insurance policy with the Insurance Provider which provides payments meeting the benefits due under the Scheme.

# 07 Investment Arrangements and fee structure

## Delegation to insurance provider

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The Trustee has purchased an insurance policy with the Insurance Provider, with the possibility of buying-out the Scheme's liabilities. The annuity policy is intended to be in place in the long term to meet all of the benefits payable to members. Therefore, the Trustee has delegated to the Insurance Provider the responsibility for investing the Scheme's assets in order to meet the benefits.

The Insurance Provider is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority.

## Review process

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Given that the Scheme's assets have recently been invested in a buy-in policy with an Insurer there are no remaining assets held with investment managers.

## Insurance providers' fee structure

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The Insurance Providers' fees are met through a combination of some or all of the following:

- > A margin added to the cost of securing the benefits which reflects the charges paid to the Insurance Providers.
- > Any excess of assets over Scheme benefits paid out, throughout the life of the policy.

## Portfolio turnover - Insurance Provider

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Given that the Trustee has secured buy-in policies, the portfolio turnover on the underlying assets and costs is a matter for the Insurance Providers.

## Investment Consultant's fee structure

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The Investment Consultant is remunerated for work completed on a fixed fee basis, a time-cost basis or via a project fee. It is felt that this method of remuneration is appropriate because it enables the Investment Consultant to provide the necessary advice and information to facilitate the Trustee in undertaking their responsibilities.



# 08 Additional Voluntary Contribution arrangements

## Provision of AVCs

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The Scheme provided a facility for members to pay additional voluntary contributions (AVCs) to enhance their benefits at retirement. The Trustee's objective was to provide vehicles that enabled members to generate suitable long-term returns, consistent with their reasonable expectations.

The investment funds are provided by Scottish Widows.

The Trustee selected these vehicles as they were believed to meet the Trustee's objective of providing investment options that enabled AVC members to generate suitable long-term returns, consistent with their reasonable expectations.

## Review process

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The appointment of the AVC providers and the choice of AVC funds offered to members will be reviewed by the Trustee in accordance with their responsibilities, based on the result of the monitoring of performance and process. The Trustee will review the appointment of the AVC providers periodically in the light of their performance.

Where possible, performance of the AVC providers will be measured relative to the individual benchmarks and objectives for the funds offered and/or to other providers offering similar fund options as measured in industry AVC surveys.

# 09 Compliance Statement

## Confirmation of advice

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Before a Statement of Investment Principles, as required by the Pensions Act 1995, is prepared or revised by the trustees of a pension plan, they must have consulted with the principal employer and obtained and considered the written advice of a person who is reasonably believed by it to be qualified by his ability in and practical experience of financial matters and to have the appropriate knowledge and experience of the management of the investments of such Plans.

The Investment Consultant hereby confirms to the Trustee that they have the appropriate knowledge and experience to give the advice required by the Act.

## Signatures

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On behalf of XPS Group:



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Senior Investment Consultant – Investment

Date: 13 / 05 / 2024

## Trustee's declaration

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The Trustee confirm that this Statement of Investment Principles reflects the Investment Strategy they have decided to implement. The Trustee acknowledge that it is their responsibility, with guidance from the Advisers, to ensure the assets of the Scheme are invested in accordance with these Principles.

On behalf of the Trustee:

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Date:

# Appendix

## Investment Strategy & Structure

### Overall Strategy

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On 21 March 2024, the Scheme completed 100% of the proposed buy-in transition of assets to Aviva through a bulk annuity purchase to cover all member benefits.

A premium of £34,050,718 was paid to purchase the buy-in.



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